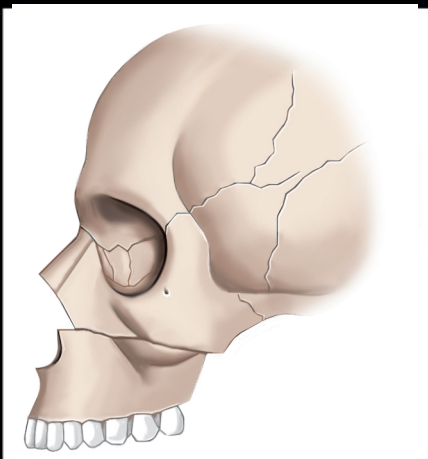


Maxila, Mandíbula e Dentes

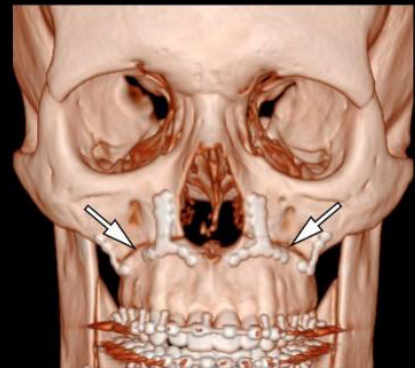
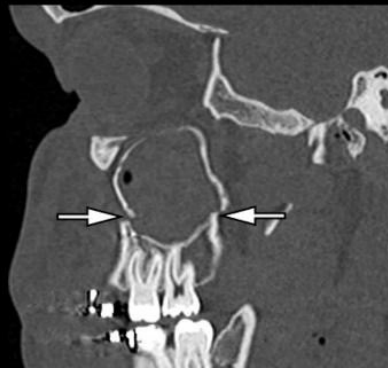
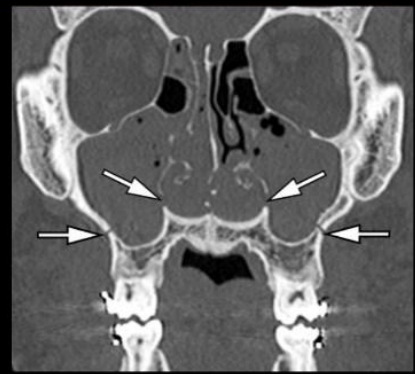
Cirurgia ortognática

A cirurgia ortognática é um conjunto de osteotomias realizadas na maxila e/ou na mandíbula para corrigir deformidades dentofaciais. As principais técnicas são:

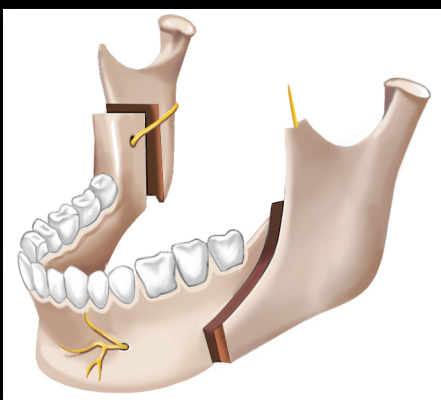
Osteotomia Le Fort I



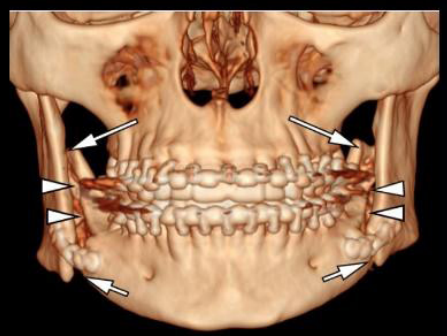
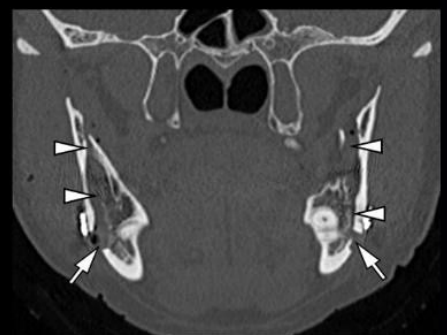
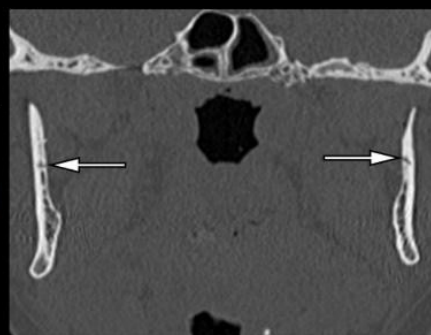
Osteotomia horizontal acima dos ápices dos dentes superiores envolvendo a abertura piriforme, os seios maxilares e o septo nasal, poupando as lâminas dos processos pterigoides, de modo que a região inferior da maxila fique livre para ser reposicionada.



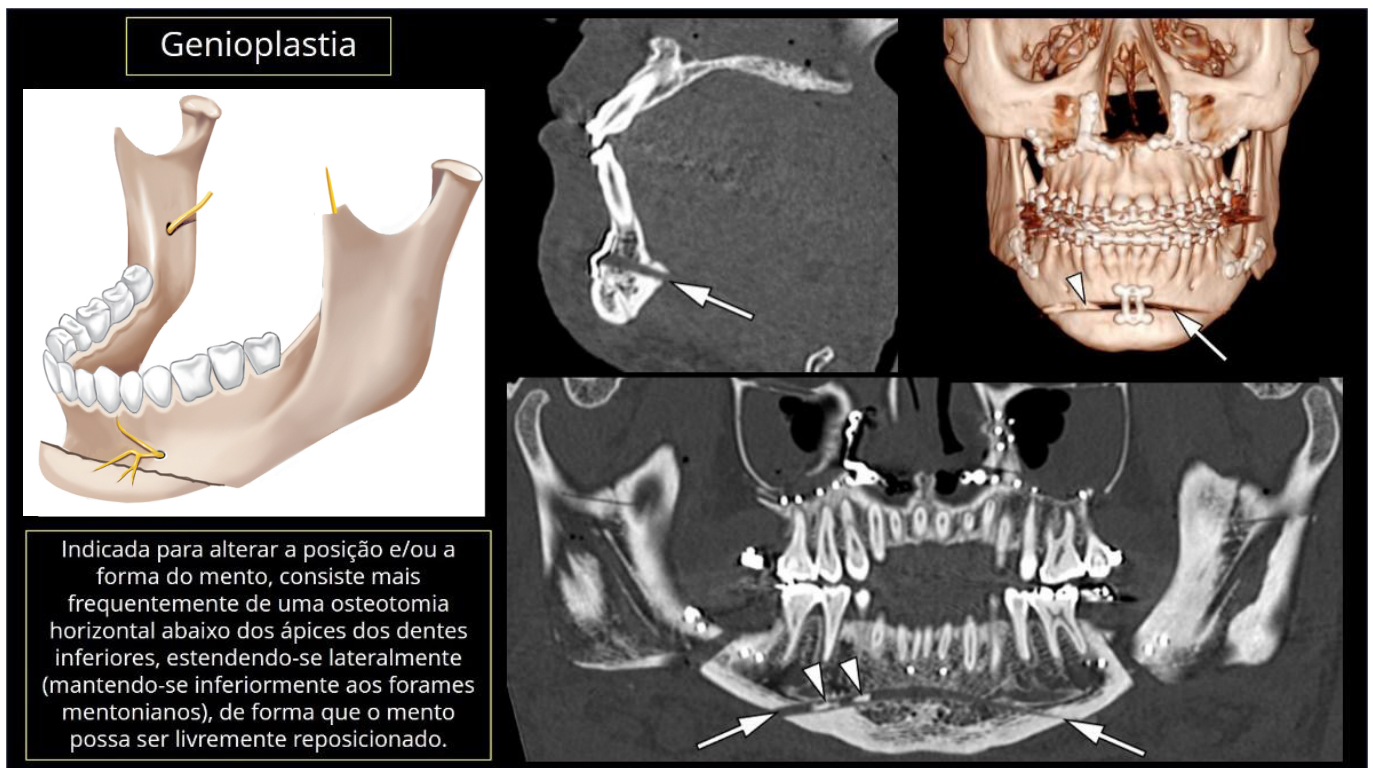
Osteotomia Sagital Mandibular Bilateral



Osteotomias nos ramos, ângulos e região posterior dos hemicorpos mandibulares, de modo que o segmento distal (mais anterior) fique livre para ser reposicionado.



Maxila, Mandíbula e Dentes



Fonte: Imagens adaptadas de Loureiro RM, Collin J, Sumi DV, Araújo LC, Murakoshi RW, Gomes RLE, Daniel MM. Postoperative CT findings of orthognathic surgery and its complications: A guide for radiologists. J Neuroradiol. 2022;49(1):17-32. doi: 10.1016/j.neurad.2021.04.033.